

## Sepitam-SFP1G-SM-SX-120KM

RoHS Compliant 1.25G 1310/1550nm (1550/1310nm) 120KM Transceiver



## **Product Description:**

The **Sepitam-SFP1G-SM-SX-120KM** transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.0625Gbps and 120KM transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.

#### Feature:

- Dual data-rate of 1.25Gbps/1.063Gbps operation
- ◆ 1490nm DFP laser and PIN photo detector for 120KM transmission
- 1310nm FP laser and PIN photo detector for 120KM transmission
- BIDI LC/UPC type pluggable optical interface
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with simplex LC receptacle
- RoHS compliant and lead-free
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Support Digital Diagnostic Monitoring interface
- Compliant with SFF-8472
- Case operating temperature Commercial: 0°C to +70°C

Extended: -10°C to +80°C

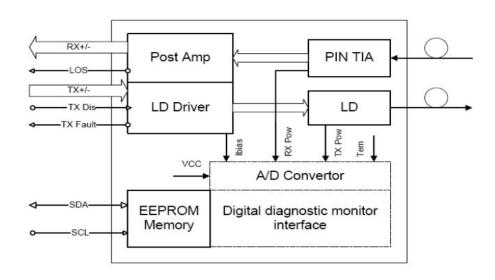
Industrial: -40°C to +85°C



## **Applications:**

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other Optical Links

# **Functional Diagram:**



# **Ordering information**

Product part Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Media	Wavelength (nm)	Transmission Distance(km)	Temper	ature Range
Sepitam-SFP1G-SM-SX- 120KM	1250	Single mode fiber	1310/1490 (1490/1310)	20	0~70	commer- cial
Sepitam-SFP1G-SM-SX- 120KM	1250	Single mode fiber	1310/1490 (1490/1310)	20	-10~80	extended
Sepitam-SFP1G-SM-SX- 120KM	1250	Single mode fiber	1310/1490 (1490/1310)	20	-45~85	industrial



# **Absolute Maximum Ratings:**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.0	V	_
Storage Temperature	_	-40	85	°C	_
Relative Humidity	_	5	85	%	_

Note: Stress in excess of the maximum absolute ratings can cause permanent damage to the module

## **General Operating Characteristics:**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit	Note
Data Rate	-	-	1250	-	Mb/s	-
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	-
Supply Current	Icc <sub>5</sub>	-	-	220	mA	-
		0	_	70	°C	_
Operating Case Temp. Tc	Тс	-10	_	80	°C	_
		-40	_	85	°C	_

# **Electrical Input/Output Characteristics:**

## **Transmitter**

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур	Max.	Unit	Note
Diff. input voltage swing		_	120	_	820	mVpp	1
Tx Disable input	Н	VIH	2.0	_	Vcc+0.3	V	-
1x Disable iliput	L	VIL	0	_	0.8	V	
Tr. Foult output	Н	VOH	2.0	_	Vcc+0.3	V	2
Tx Fault output	L	VOL	0	_	0.8	V	2
Input Diff. Impedance		Zin	_	100	_	Ω	_



#### Receiver

Para	meter	Symbol	Min.	Type	Max.	Unit	Note
Diff. output v	voltage swing	-	340	650	800	mVpp	3
Rx LOS	Н	VOH	2.0	_	Vcc+0.3	V	2
Output	Output L VOL	0	_	0.8	_	2	

- Note 1) TD+/- are internally AC coupled with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.
- Note 2) Tx Fault and Rx LOS are open collector outputs, which should be pulled up with 4.7k to  $10k\Omega$  resistors on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V.
- Note 3) RD+/- outputs are internally AC coupled, and should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES

## .Optical Characteristics:

#### **Transmitter**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Туре	Max.	Unit	Note
On arating Wayalanoth	λC	1270	1310	1360	nm	
Operating Wavelength	λC	1470	1490	1510	nm	_
Ave. output power (Enabled)	Po	-8	_	-4	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	9	_	_	dB	1
RMS spectral width	Δλ	_	_	4	nm	_
Rise/Fall time (20%~80%)	Tr/Tf	_	_	0.26	ps	2
Output Eye Mask	Compliant with IEEE802.3 z (class 1 laser safety)					)

- Note (1): Measure at 2^23-1 NRZ PRBS pattern
- Note (2): Transmitter eye mask definition

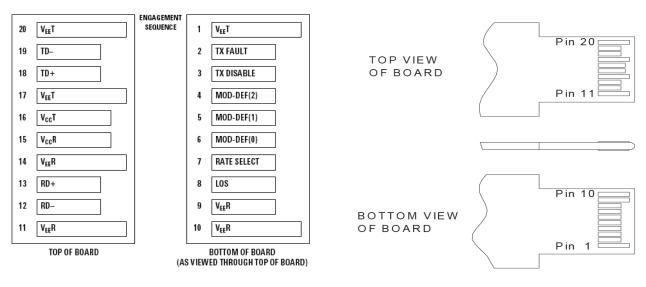
#### Receiver



Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Туре	Max.	Unit	Note
Ou4h		1470	1490	1510		
Operating Wavelength	_	1270	1310	1360	nm	-
Sensitivity	Psen	_	_	-22	dBm	1
Min. overload	Pimax	-3	_	_	dBm	_
LOS Assert	Pa	-35	_	_	dBm	_
LOS De-assert	Pd			-23	dBm	2
LOS Hysteresis	Pd-Pa	0.5	_	6	dB	_

- Note (1): Measured with Light source 1490nm(1310nm), ER=9dB; BER =<10^-12 @PRBS=2^23-1 NRZ.
- Note (2): When LOS de-asserted, the RX data+/- output is signal output.

## **Pin Definitions and Functions:**



PIN#	Name	Function	Notes
1	VeeT	Tx ground	_
2	Tx Fault	Tx fault indication, Open Collector Output, active "H"	1
3	Tx Disable	LVTTL Input, internal pull-up, Tx disabled on "H"	2
4	MOD-DEF2	2 wire serial interface data input/output (SDA)	3
5	MOD-DEF1	2 wire serial interface clock input (SCL)	3
6	MOD-DEF0	Model present indication	3
7	Rate select	No connection	_
8	LOS	Rx loss of signal, Open Collector Output, active "H"	4
9	VeeR	Rx ground	_
10	VeeR	Rx ground	_



11	VeeR	Rx ground	_
12	RD-	Inverse received data out	5
13	RD+	Received data out	5
14	VeeR	Rx ground	_
15	VccR	Rx power supply	_
16	VccT	Tx power supply	_
17	VeeT	Tx ground	_
18	TD+	Transmit data in	6
19	TD-	Inverse transmit data in	6
20	VeeT	Tx ground	_

Note 1) When high, this output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. And should be pulled up with a  $4.7 - 10 \text{K}\Omega$  resistor on the host board.

Note 2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7 - 10 \text{K}\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, <2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0V~Vcc+0.3V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

Note 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 has been grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Note 4) When high, this output indicates loss of signal (LOS). Low indicates normal operation.

Note 5) RD+/-: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

Note 6) TD+/-: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

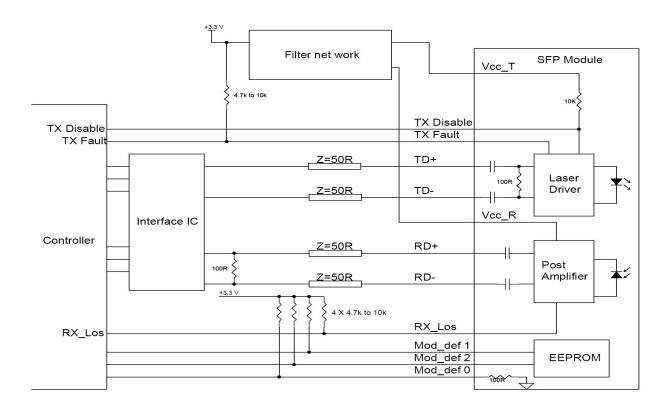


# **Diagnostics:**

# **Diagnostics Specification:**

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70 -40 to +85	°C	±3°C	Internal/ External
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal/ External
Bias Current	2 to 80	mA	±10%	Internal/ External
TX Power	-11 to -1	dBm	±3dB	Internal/ External
RX Power	-25 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal/ External

# **Typical Interface Circuit:**





# **Ordering Information & Related Products:**

Sepitam-SFP1G-SM-SX-120KM-T	SFP BIDI,LC,Tx1310/Rx1550nm 1.25Gbps, 120KM, with DDM
Sepitam-SFP1G-SM-SX-120KM-R	SFP BIDI,LC,Tx1550/Rx1310nm 1.25Gbps, 120KM, with DDM



# **Technical Specification of**

**TYPE: Sepitam-SFP1G-SM-SX-120KM** 

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